

1 次の各組の単語の中から、下線部の発音が他の3つと異なるものをそれぞれ選び、記号で答えなさい。

- (1) ア science イ behind ウ dinner エ like
 (2) ア saw イ August ウ abroad エ no
 (3) ア bread イ teach ウ weak エ week
 (4) ア car イ park ウ warm エ dark

2 次の単語のうち、アクセントのある音節が同じものを【 】内から選び、記号で答えなさい。

- (1) fa-mous 【 a. gui-tar b. al-ways c. for-get d. en-joy 】
 (2) them-selves 【 a. a-gain b. na-tive c. soc-cer d. an-swer 】
 (3) Aus-tral-ia 【 a. De-cem-ber b. el-e-va-tor c. in-te-rest d. an-i-mal 】
 (4) u-ni-form 【 a. im-por-tant b. al-read-y c. Jap-a-nese d. beau-ti-ful 】

3 次の各文の意味が通るように、() 内に発音が同じでつづりの異なる語(同音異義語)を入れなさい。

- (1) { Do you think he (a) anything about it?
 { An elephant has a long (b).
 (2) { There are twenty-four (a) a day.
 { He takes his dog for a walk, and we take (b).
 (3) { I have two sisters; (a) is a teacher and the other is a doctor.
 { We (b) the game yesterday.
 (4) { "I (a) pizza too much yesterday."
 { "How many?" "(b) pieces!"

4 次の各文の() 内に入る最も適当なものを次のア~エからそれぞれ選び、記号で答えなさい。

- (1) Tom has already () lunch.
 ア eat イ eating ウ eaten エ to eat
 (2) Kazuhito doesn't know () to use a computer at all.
 ア what イ which ウ why エ how
 (3) I'm looking forward () you soon.
 ア to see イ to seeing ウ seeing エ seen
 (4) He was known () everyone in the town.
 ア from イ in ウ on エ to
 (5) How () is it from here to Osaki Station?
 ア tall イ long ウ old エ far
 (6) You should see the doctor () once.
 ア at イ from ウ on エ for
 (7) () beautiful flowers they are!
 ア When イ What ウ How エ Which
 (8) Takuya, () your room now. It's dirty.
 ア cleans イ is cleaning ウ clean エ to clean
 (9) I have been sick () last Tuesday.
 ア for イ since ウ from エ of
 (10) () only Tom but also Joe wanted to go to the party.
 ア No イ Both ウ Not エ Neither

5 次の各組の文がほぼ同じ意味を表すように、() 内に適語を入れなさい。

- (1) { I didn't have anything to do this morning.
 { I () () to do this morning.
 (2) { We had a lot of rain last summer in Japan.
 { () () a lot last summer in Japan.
 (3) { Don't play soccer here.
 { You () () play soccer here.
 (4) { I have a cousin living in San Francisco.
 { I have a cousin () () in San Francisco.

- (5) { Last Sunday I was too busy to watch TV.
 { Last Sunday I was () busy () I couldn't watch TV.
- (6) { Do you know his age?
 { Do you know () () he is?
- (7) { My sister plays the piano very well.
 { My sister is very good () () the piano.
- (8) { Tim is fifteen years old. His grandfather is seventy-five years old.
 { His grandfather is () times as () as Tim.

6 日本文に合うように、() 内の語 (句) を並べかえなさい。ただし、文頭の語も小文字にしてある場合がある。

- (1) 誰がパーティに来るかあなたは知っていますか。
 (the party / who / you / will / do / know / come / to)?
- (2) 彼は一言も言わずにソファに座っていた。
 He (was / without / sitting / saying / a word / on / the sofa).
- (3) 私はあなたに辞書を貸してあげよう。
 (you / will / a / lend / I / to / dictionary).
- (4) 雨のため我々はサッカーを中止しなければならなかった。
 We (because of / to / soccer / had / stop / playing / the rain).
- (5) 私は今日、智子に会う約束がある。
 (an appointment / to / I / meet / have / Tomoko) today.

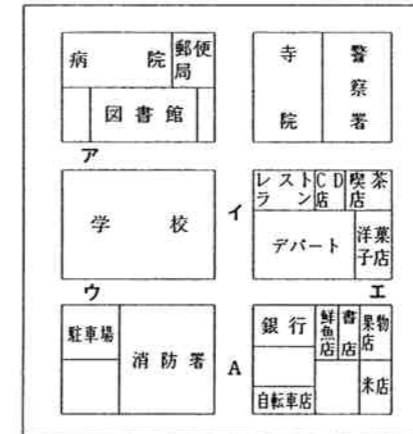
7 次の各文の () 内の語を適切な形に直しなさい。

- (1) I've just finished (do) my homework.
- (2) These books are really (interest) to read.
- (3) Tokyo is the (big) city in Japan.
- (4) We decided (visit) your country next spring.
- (5) This is the novel (write) by Mr Miyazaki.

8 次の各文を指示に従って書きかえなさい。

- (1) If you don't hurry up, you will miss the train. (Hurryで書き始めて、同じ意味の文に)
- (2) Yuichi is the tallest boy in our class. (比較級を使って、Yuichi is~で始まる同じ意味の文に)
- (3) The boy is my brother. We met him at the store yesterday. (関係代名詞を使って、同じ意味の1つの文に)
- (4) He can play the violin. (文末にsome dayを付け加え未来の文に)

9 下の図を見て、設問に答えなさい。



- (1) 次の地図上のA地点で、秀樹 (Hideki) がある外国人に書店までの道順を聞かれたときの対話です。①②③に適語を1語ずつ書き入れて対話を完成させなさい。

A foreigner : ① () is the bookshop?

Hideki : Turn ② () at the bank and walk straight, and you will see it. It's ③ () the fish shop and the fruit shop.

- (2) 次の英文は地図上のア~エのいずれかの地点で、ある目的地への道順を聞かれたときの説明です。どの地点で聞かれたのか、記号で答えなさい。Walk one block and turn left at the corner. Walk one more block and turn right at the corner. You will see the CD shop next to the restaurant.

10 次の会話文を読んで設問に答えなさい。

日本の高校に留学しているプラムとユカが冬休み明けに、学校で話をしています。

Plum : Hi, Yuka!

Yuka : Hello, Plum!

Plum : How was your vacation? Did you enjoy it?

Yuka : Yes, I did. (1)

Plum : Really? (2)

Yuka : Yes, it was great. We went to the lake and mountain, and enjoyed skiing. Hokkaido was so beautiful. How about you?

Plum : Well, I went to Osaka. I'll go there again before I go back to India.

Yuka : Why? Is it a very nice place?

Plum : Yes! The people I met there were very kind. One day I lost one of my contact lenses in the park. I looked for it, but I couldn't find it. (3)

Yuka : Did they find it?

Plum : Yes, after 15 minutes, an old lady found it at last!

Yuka : That's wonderful! People in Osaka are very kind. (4)

Plum : I hope I can stay there longer next time. And I'd like to eat *Takoyaki* again!

会話文内の(1)～(4)内にあてはまる最も適切な英文を1つずつ選び、記号で答えなさい。

ア. Now I understand why you want to go there again.

イ. Then the people around me began to look for it with me.

ウ. I studied about Hokkaido in the library.

エ. I know why you went there again to see them.

オ. Did you have a good time there?

カ. I went to Hokkaido with my father and mother.

キ. Then the people around me told me how to eat *Takoyaki*.

11 次の英文を読んで設問に答えなさい。

Early in the morning Ryo was running in the park near his house. Sometimes he stopped running and thought, "Why do I have to run?" He looked a little (A).

His school marathon was coming soon. So he was running in the park. But when he thought of his ranking in the marathon, he didn't want to run.

Just then a man ran up to Ryo. He was the man Ryo saw in the park every day. Ryo didn't know his name, but they sometimes said good morning to each other. The man said, "(B) You are not running today." Ryo couldn't answer. Then he asked, "Why do you run every day?" "Why do I run? Well..., I love running. Sometimes I join marathons. (a) Of course I know a lot of people run faster than I. But (C). I don't think of other runners when I'm running. Running to the goal makes me very happy. Oh, I've talked too long. I must go now." He started running again and went away.

The next morning Ryo was in the park again. He wanted to talk with the man (D) he didn't understand the man's words very well. Ryo had to join his school marathon the next day. He looked for the man, but (b) the man didn't come to the park that morning.

That evening Ryo was watching TV. It showed the marathon held in the city that morning. A lot of runners were arriving at the goal. The TV said, "Oh, look. The last runner is coming now." Ryo was very surprised to see the runner's face. That was the man he saw in the park every day! The man looked really happy when he came to the goal. (c) Ryo understood his words at last!

The next morning Ryo was standing happily at the starting line.

(1) (A) ~ (D) に入れるのに適切なものを a ~ d から選び、記号で答えなさい。

(A) a. sad b. happy c. fine d. wild

(B) a. How much? b. Who is this? c. What's up? d. When is it?

(C) a. I don't know b. I don't say c. I don't hear d. I don't care

(D) a. because b. and c. so d. but

(2) 下線部 (a) を日本語に訳しなさい。

(3) 下線部 (b) で「その男の人は、その日の朝、公園に来なかった。」とあるが、その理由を日本語で具体的に答えなさい。

(4) 下線部 (c) で「ついに彼のことばの意味がわかった」とあるが、彼のことばの内容として最も適切なものを次の①~④から1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

① マラソンは、自分より速く走る人がたくさんいるということを教えてくれる。

② マラソンは、完走しさらによい結果を出すことが大切である。

③ マラソンは、順位よりも完走することが大切である。

④ マラソンの大会に時々出場できることは幸せなことである。

1	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)					
2	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)					
3	(1) a		b		(2) a		b		
	(3) a		b		(4) a		b		
4	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)				
	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)				
5	(1)		(2)						
	(3)		(4)						
	(5)		(6)						
	(7)		(8)						
6	(1) ?								
	(2) He .								
	(3) .								
	(4) We .								
	(5) today.								
7	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)				
8	(1) Hurry								
	(2) Yuichi is								
	(3)								
	(4)								
9	(1) ①		②		③				
	(2)								
10	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)					
11	(1) (A)		(B)		(C)		(D)		
	(2) (a)								
	(3) (b)								
	(4) (c)								

受験番号	氏 名

得 点